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XLIII. 4 (pag. 716). Sed has insidias mulier quaedam regis cognata prodidit, quae adulterare cum Graeco adolescente solita, in amplexu iuvenis, miserata *formae* eius, insidias aperuit, periculumque declinavit. — L. *fortunae*.

XLIV. 4 (pag. 729). Tum plane manifesto quodam numine inter furentes aestus ac *reciprocantes undas*, velut nave, non fluctu veheretur, leni salo in litore exponitur. — Glossa *reciprocantes undas*.

Lugduni Bat., excunte mense Aprili 1855.

E. MEHLER.

#### B L A D V U L L I N G E N.

Bij LUCIANUS, *Alexand.* 60, komt het woord *πολιώδης* voor, en de lexikographen hebben het als ἄπαξ εἰρημένον gedwee in hunne *thesauri* opgenomen. Het woord heeft echter zijn aanzijn te danken aan een' afschrijver, die slecht overgeschreven, of aan een' lezer, die slecht gelezen heeft. De plaats luidt aldus: Ἦν δὲ ἐν αὐτοῖς καὶ Παῖτος ἱατρὸς τὴν τέχνην, πολιώδης ὢν, οὔτε ἱατρῷ πρέποντα οὔτε πολιῷ ἀνδρὶ ταῦταποιῶν. LUCIANUS heeft stellig geschreven *πολιὸς ἤδη ὢν*. Uit de volgende woorden οὔτε ἱατρῷ πρέποντα οὔτε πολιῷ ἀνδρὶ blijkt ten duideljkste de noodzakelijkheid der door mij voorgestelde verandering.

Bij STOBÆUS, *Append. c Ms. Florentino* (GAISE. IV. pag. 14. 9) wordt een fragment medegedeeld van Ὀξίθεος, een naam, wiens verklaring nog al moeilijkheden zou opleveren. De man heette Εὐξίθεος (z. *ATHEN.* IV. 157 c [?]). De lacune in zijne woorden is gemakkelijk in te vullen: Ὀξίθεος ὁ Ἀθηναῖος τοὺς χρηστοὺς μὲν ἐν τοῖς . . . ἀχρήστους δὲ κατὰ τὸν βίον ὁμοίους ἔφη εἶναι ἀγαθοῖς ἐνυπνίοις. Er stond denkelijk: *χρηστοὺς μὲν ἐν τοῖς λόγοις*.

L., April 1855.

E. M.